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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/125,841	01/19/1999	RICHARD G. OLSEN	CIR20013	8242	
266 7	590 12/10/2001				
MUELLER AND SMITH, LPA			EXAMINER		
7700 RIVERS	MITH BUILDING EDGE DRIVE OH 43235	j	SCHWADRON, RONALD B		
COLUMBUS,			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1644	18	
			DATE MAILED: 12/10/2001	' 0	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No. **09/125,841**

Applicant(s)

Office Action Summary Examiner

Ron Schwadron

Art Unit 1644



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	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet wi	th the corre	spondence address
Period 1	for Reply			
	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	T TO EXPIRE3_	MONTI	H(S) FROM
af	nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C ter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communion operiod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days	cation.		, , ,
be	e considered timely. • period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory			•
co	mmunication.			_
- Any ı	re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, b reply received by the Office later than three months after th rned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	y statute, cause the appl e mailing date of this cor	ication to bed nmunication,	even if timely filed, may reduce any
Status				
1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on May 7, 2	2001		
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL . 2b) X This ac	tion is non-final.		
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance closed in accordance with the practice under $Ex\ partial$			
Disposi	tion of Claims			
4) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-41</u>		is/ard	e pending in the application.
4	a) Of the above, claim(s) <u>1-28 and 36-41</u>		is/aı	e withdrawn from consideration.
5) 🗌	Claim(s)		, <u>,</u> ,	is/are allowed.
6) 💢	Claim(s) 29-35			is/are rejected.
7) 🗌	Claim(s)			is/are objected to.
8) 🗌	Claims	are subje	ect to restri	ction and/or election requirement.
Applica	tion Papers			
9) 💢	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.			
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	e objected to by the E	xaminer.	
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) 🗌	approved	b) ☐ disapproved.
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exam	niner.		
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign p	priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(a)	-(d).
	☐ All b)☐ Some* c)☐ None of:			
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have			
	2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have			
	3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority days application from the International Bure se the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	this National Stage
14)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic			(a
A		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		5 /.
Attachme				
• • •	otice of References Cited (PTO-892) otice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	18) Interview Summary (
	formation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	20) Other:	rent Application	(F10-132)

- 1. Applicant's election of the invention of Group V, claims 29-35 in Paper no. 17 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse. See MPEP section § 818.03(a)).
- 2. Claims 1-28,36-41 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected inventions. Election was made without traverse in Paper No. 17.
- 3. In view of the fact that the instant application was filed under 35 U.S.C. 371, the previous restriction requirement should have been made under 35 U.S.C. 371 practice. The instant application lacks unity of invention (e.g. a special technical feature) because the claimed inventions were obvious over the prior art for the reasons enunciated in the 409 report included in the instant application and for the reasons enunciated in the prior art rejections in this Office Action. Therefore, the restriction requirement is maintained and applicants election is maintained.
- 4. Claims 29-35 are under consideration.
- 5. The instant application currently claims priority only to PCT 97/02309. Applicant could claim priority under 35 U.S.C. 120 to potential parent applications 08/604728 and 08/943993. If applicant decides to claim priority to said applications, applicant should:
- a) amend the specification, page 1, line to claim priority to said applications,
- b) submit a new declaration claiming priority to said applications,
- c) submit a new sequence listing in paper and CRF forms listing the parent applications in section <150>.
- 6. This application does not contain an abstract of the disclosure as required by 37 CFR 1.72(b). An abstract on a separate sheet is required.
- 7. Claims 29-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which

applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 29-35 are indefinite in that they depend on nonelected claims 22-28. Claims 29-35 are indefinite in the recitation of "helper cells" because it is unclear what this means or encompasses. The term "helper cell" in itself has no art recognized meaning and is not defined in the specification. Therefore it is unclear what types of cells are encompassed by said term. A preferred substitution is "T helper cells".

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 29-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Babbitt et al. (US Patent 5,766,920).

Babbitt et al. teach expanded T helper cells from a patient which are expanded by treating mononuclear cells with antiCD3 antibody and II-2 containing conditioned media (see column 2 and column 3, second paragraph). There is no evidence of record that the particular culture conditions recited in the claims would have any particular effect on the treated cells. Furthermore, the cells are produced by a method "comprising" and would therefore encompass the addition of other manipulations which would lead to the production of cells as per taught by the method of Babbitt et al. Babbitt et al. teach that this method can be used to produce cells from HIV patients (see column 7, third complete paragraph). While Babbitt et al. do not specifically teach that the cells used are obtained from lymph nodes of HIV patients, Babbitt et al. teach that lymph nodes are a known source of mononuclear cells (see column 2, third complete paragraph). It would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have created the claimed invention because Babbitt et al. teach that lymph nodes are a known source of mononuclear cells.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to create the claimed invention because Babbitt et al. teach expanded T helper cells from a patient (including HIV infected) which are expanded by treating mononuclear cells with antiCD3 antibody and II-2 containing conditioned media and that lymph nodes are a known source of mononuclear cells.

10. Claims 29-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Ochoa et al. (US Patent 5,443,983) in view of prior art disclosed in the specification (page 4, lines 19-22).

Ochoa et al. teach that T cells from HIV patients can be cultured with antiCD3 antibody and IL-2 (see Abstract) resulting in the generation of T cells. While Ochoa et al. teaches that these cells are LAK cells, because the cells are from the same source and treated in the same manner as the cells of the claimed invention they would be expected to contain enriched T helper cells. Ochoa et al. teaches that the lymphocytes are preferably obtained from the individual (eg. HIV positive AIDS patient) to be treated. While Ochoa et al. do not specifically teach the use of lymph node cells, Ochoa et al. does teach that the cells used as a starting product can be derived from any tissue which is a source of lymphocytes (eg. lymph nodes). Furthermore, the specification discloses that art recognized that lymph node derived cells would have a superior locomotor ability and ability to traffic to lymph nodes in comparison to PBL (page 4, lines 19-22). Ochoa et al. teach that any art known media (eg. serum-free macrophage media) can be used to grow T cells as along as said media supports T cell growth (column 3, third paragraph). A routineer would have derived the particular dosage of II-2 and antiCD3 antibody used in the instant invention by routine experimentation. Ochoa et al. teaches that said cells can be cultured with antiCD3 antibody and IL-2 for any desired period of time (see column 3, first paragraph). It would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have created the claimed invention because Ochoa et al. teach that T cells from HIV patients can be cultured with antiCD3 antibody and IL-2 (see Abstract) and that the cells used as a starting product can be derived from any tissue which is a source of lymphocytes (eg. lymph nodes) while the prior art recognized that lymph node derived cells would have a superior locomotor ability and ability to traffic to lymph nodes in comparison to PBL

11. No claim is allowed.

- 12. Papers related to this application may be submitted to Group 1600 by facsimile transmission. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989). Papers should be faxed to Group 1600 at (703) 308-4242.
- 13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Dr. Ron Schwadron whose telephone number is (703) 308-4680. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 7:30 to 6:00. A message may be left on the examiners voice mail service. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Ms Christina Chan can be reached on (703) 308-3973. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group 180 receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

nsl.

RONALD B. SCHWADRON
PRIMARY EXAMINER
GROUP 1890 (LUO

Ron Schwadron, Ph.D. Primary Examiner Art Unit 1644 December 7, 2001